

TB Prevention among Persons with Medi-Cal



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Spectrum of TB disease

Α

A – Clearance B – Latent infection

C – Pulmonary infection (active)

D – Disseminated infection (active)

Latent TB Infection

- Absence of TB symptoms
- Positive TST¹ or IGRA² result
- Chest radiograph normal
- Not infectious

¹TB skin test ²Interferon gamma release assay

Active TB Disease

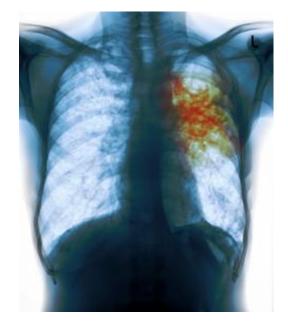
• Symptoms such as cough, fever

D

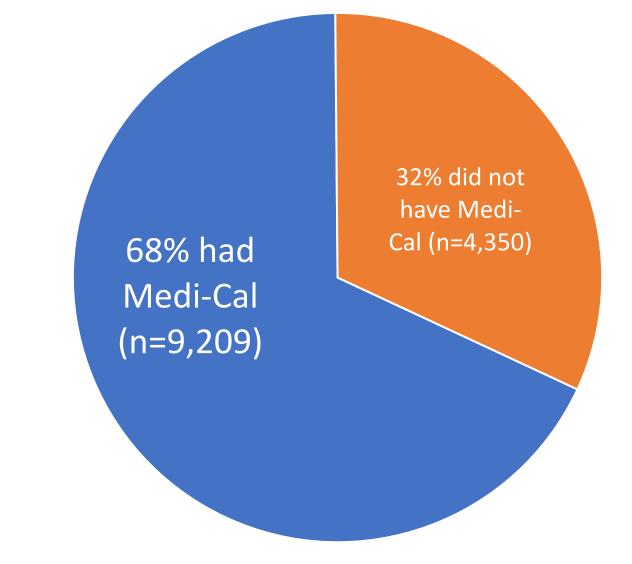
- TST or IGRA is usually positive
- Chest radiograph is usually abnormal
- Respiratory specimens usually culture positive (smear positive in about 50% of patients)
- Infectious and can be deadly

TB is a preventable disease that continues to cause harm

- Every 4 hours a Californian is diagnosed with TB disease with > 2000 cases /year
- 50% with TB disease are hospitalized
- 1 in 7 with TB die
- Costs are large for California communities: >\$200million/year



Two thirds of people in California with active TB disease had Medi-Cal



Of people with TB during 2016-2022. Medi-Cal for at least one month anytime between 2015-2022. Source: Data collaboration between CDPH TB Control Branch and Medi-Cal

How can more TB be prevented?

Most TB disease in California arises from undetected and untreated latent TB infection

Screen

Millions of Medi-Cal enrollees are at risk for TB

Population at Risk	Medi-Cal Enrollees (2015-2022)	
Born outside the U.S.	7.7 million	
Homeless*	2.2 million	
Immunosuppressed*	830,000	
Incarcerated*	210,000	

* Risk defined as **ever** having experienced homelessness, incarceration, or immunosuppression.

Test those with risk		Less than half of Medi-Cal enrollees at risk for TB got tested					
		Born outside the U.S.	Homeless	Immuno- suppressed			
LTE	3I Testing/Screening	21%	27%	40%			
Po	sitivity	25%	12%	19%			

* Based on sample of 10,000 persons enrolled in Medi-Cal 2015-2022 with 12 months or more of coverage. May underestimate true value because it relies on diagnosis and test codes from paid claims as well as electronic laboratory reporting for part of period. Positivity defined as the fraction positive out of those tested.

Treat latent TB infection	Most Medi-Cal enrollees who had a positive test were not treated				
		Born outside the U.S.	Homeless	Immuno- suppressed	
Starte	d Treatment	22%	19%	29%	
Comp	leted Treatment	45%	33%	45%	

* Based on sample of 10,000 persons enrolled in Medi-Cal 2015-2022 with 12 months or more of coverage. May underestimate true value because it relies on drug codes from paid claims as well as electronic laboratory reporting for part of period. Started treatment defined as the fraction started treatment out of those who were TST or IGRA positive. Completed treatment defined as the fraction treatment out of those started.

Recent examples of missed opportunities to prevent TB

Pregnant patient tested positive on interferon gamma release assay(IGRA) TB test

- No treatment by clinicians following delivery
- Baby infected and developed TB meningitis

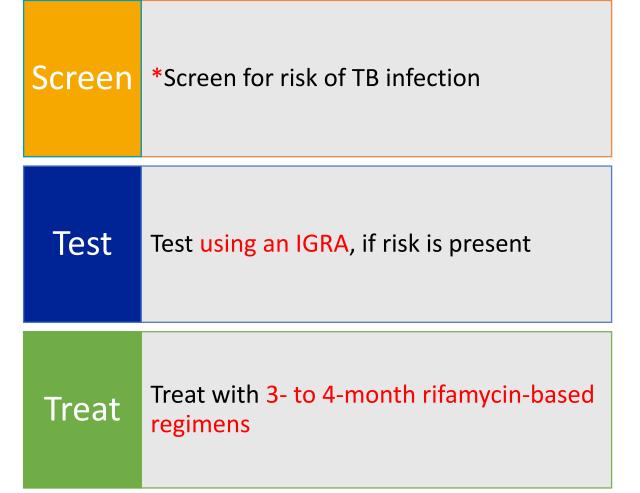
Young patient with diabetes who previously lived in Mexico and seen multiple times for diabetes care, vaccines and BP checks

- Not tested for TB infection
- Developed TB disease and died at age 36

Evidence-based TB prevention

Recommended by: US Preventive Services Task Force, CDC, CDPH.

CDPH



*non-U.S.-born or prolonged travel, immunocompromised, TB contact, history of homelessness or incarceration

Health and Safety Code H&S 121560 Assembly Bill 2132

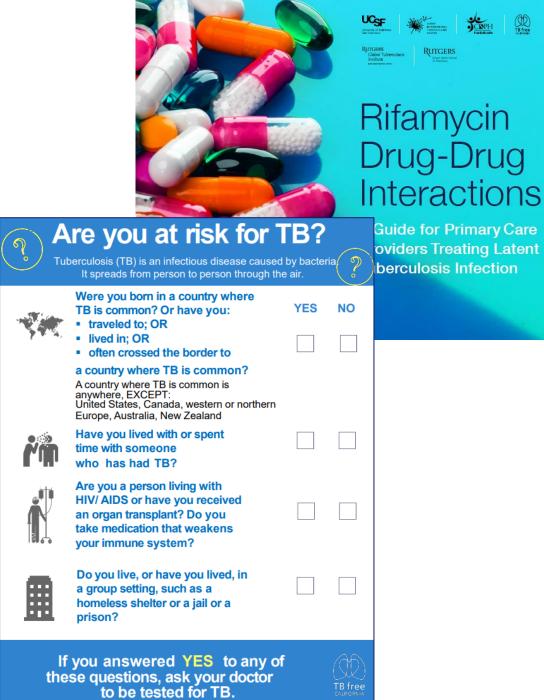
- Requires adult patients receiving primary care services to be offered a TB test if risk factors are identified, followed by provision or referral for appropriate follow-up car
- •
- Took effect on January 1, 2025
- More information:

https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DCDC/Pages/AB-2132.aspx

TB Provider Resources

- Who to test
 - Adult Risk Assessment
 - <u>Pediatric Risk Assessment</u>
- How to test and treat
 - Prevent TB in 4-steps
 - <u>Rifamycin Drug-Drug Interaction Guide</u>
- Benefits of TB prevention
 - <u>Cost and Consequences of TB in California</u>
 - AB2132 Resources





Consultation resources



Your local public health TB control program: https://ctca.org/wp-content/uploads/CTCA-Directory.pdf



California Dept of Public Health TB Control Branch: <u>tbcb@cdph.ca.gov</u> / 510-620-3000



UCSF Curry International TB Center Warmline:

(877) 390-6682 https://www.currytbcenter.ucsf.edu/

Summary

The problem

TB disease is life-threatening

68% of TB disease occurs among Medi-Cal enrollees

TB disease and deaths are preventable by detecting and treating latent TB infection(LTBI)

LTBI testing and treatment rates are low for Medi-Cal enrollees at risk

Addressing the problem

LTBI testing and treatment is recommended by USPSTF and required by California Law

Action

Make TB prevention routine in your practice Access resources to support TB prevention Medi-Cal providers have a crucial role!

Thank you!

CDPH and CDHCS Medi-Cal collaboration

CDPH TBCB team (<u>tbcb@cdph.ca.gov</u>) and Medi-Cal QI team

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QUESTIONS ABOUT TUBERCULOSIS (

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TUBERCULOSIS CONTROL BRANCH

TB Free California **TB** Testing TB and Children TB Community Resources

TB Provider Resources Contact Us TBCB homepage

Spanish (Español) | Simplified Chinese (简体中文) (PDF) | Vietnamese (tiếng việt) (PDF) | Traditional Chinese (繁 體中文) (PDF)

Understanding Your Test Results



If your blood test result is positive, it means you have TB germs in your body. A doctor or healthcare provide should examine you. Most people with positive TB tests feel just fine and have no signs of illness, because they have latent (or "hidden") TB infection. Latent TB infection means that your body is able to keep you from feeling alah sisht saur hut TD sama is usus hadu sauld maha usu sish is the future. When usu are sish from TD same i

Resources for patients

Waiting room posters and more available

LEARN MORE

TB free CALIFORNIA

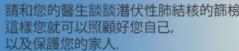
ABOUT潜伏性肺結核

bit.ly/CDPHTB



在加州,每7名引 患有潜伏性肺結核感染 (LTBI).

如果沒有及時治療, 感染就可能會發展成活動 從而令患者變得十分是一, 或傳染病菌給他們的家人



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CALIFORNIA.ORG

2 MILLION CALIFORNIANS

HAVE LATENT TUBERCULOSIS (TB) INFECTION AND MAY NOT KNOW IT