2021 Quality Measure Highlight ASTHMA MEDICATION RATIO



MEASURE DESCRIPTION

The percentage of members 5 - 64 years of age who are identified as having persistent asthma and had a ratio of controller medications to total asthma medications of 0.50 or greater during the measurement year January 1, 2021 through December 31, 2021.

Denominator: Members 5 - 64 years of age who are identified as having persistent asthma (Please reference the 2021 PCP QIP Measure Specification for persistent asthma criteria).

Numerator: Members in the denominator who have a ratio of controller medications to total asthma medications of 0.50 or greater during the measurement year.

Asthma Medication Ratio Calculation:

(Units of Controller Medication)

(Units of Controller Medication + Units of Rescue Medication)

Example: Member has one-month supply of asthma medications including a prescription for five refills of controller meds and five refills of rescue meds. Claims data shows within six months the controller meds were filled twice and rescue meds filled six times. Thus, the AMR is 2/(2+6) = 0.25.

Measure Type: Administrative (claims, pharmacy data)

Intent / Importance: Medications for asthma are usually categorized as either long-term controller medications (used to achieve and maintain control of persistent asthma) or quick-reliever medications (used to treat acute symptoms and exacerbations). Appropriate ratios for these medications could potentially prevent a significant proportion of asthma-related hospitalizations, emergency room visits, missed work and school days.

Coding

Diagnosis Codes: J45.20; J45.21; J45.22; J45.30; J45.31; J45.32; J45.40; J45.41; J45.42; J45.50; J45.51; J45.52; J45.901; J45.902; J45.909; J45.990; J45.991; J45.998; 493.00; 493.01; 493.02; 493.10; 493.11; 493.12; 493.81; 493.82; 493.90; 493.91; 493.92

¹ British Thoracic Society. June 2009. *British Guideline on the management of asthma. A national clinical guideline*. Scotland: British Thoracic Society (BTS).

PCP QIP 2021	Practice Type	Total Points	Threshold	Percentile
Full Points	Family Medicine Internal Medicine Pediatric Medicine	7 points 12.5 points 12 points	68.52%	75 th
Partial Points	Family Medicine Internal Medicine Pediatric Medicine	5 points 9 points 9 points	63.58%	50 th

Relative Improvement

- A site's performance on a measure must meet the 50th percentile target in order to be eligible for RI points on the measure **AND**
- Have an RI score of 10% or higher, ending up thereby achieving performance equal to or exceeding between the 50th percentile and not exceeding the 75th percentile, to earn full points.

Notes for eReports and PQD

- Asthma Medication Ratio is based on administrative data; there is no manual upload to eReports.
- Providers may see downward trending in PQD because this measure looks at the ratio of controller fills to all medication fills, which could vary throughout the year.

Asthma Medications (list for your reference, is not exhaustive) **

Asthma Controller Medications					
Description	Prescription	Available As	Route	PHC Coverage	
Corticosteroids	Beclomethasone	Qvar RediHaler	Inhalation*	Covered	
(ICS)	Budesonide	Pulmicort Flexhaler	Inhalation*	Covered	
	Ciclesonide	Alvesco	Inhalation	Covered	
	Fluticasone	Arnuity Ellipta	Inhalation*	Covered	
		Flovent Diskus	Inhalation*	Covered	
		Flovent HFA	Inhalation	Covered	
	Mometasone	Asmanex HFA	Inhalation	Covered	
		Asmanex Twisthaler	Inhalation*	Covered	
Corticosteroid/Long- Acting Beta-Agonist	Budesonide- Formoterol	Budesonide-Formoterol (generic)	Inhalation	Covered	
(ICS/LABA) Combinations	Mometasone- Formoterol	Dulera	Inhalation	Covered	
	Fluticasone- Salmeterol	Fluticasone-Salmeterol Diskus (generic)	Inhalation*	Covered	
		Fluticasone-Salmeterol RespiClick (generic)	Inhalation*	Covered	
		Wixela Inhub Diskus	Inhalation*	Covered	
		Advair HFA	Inhalation	PA Required	
	Fluticasone-	Breo Ellipta	Inhalation*	PA	
	Vilanterol	-		Required	

Long-Acting Anticholinergics (LAMA)	Tiotropium	Spiriva Respima	t	Inha	lation	Covered	
ICS/LAMA/LABA	Fluticasone-	Trelegy Ellipta		Inhalation*		Covered –	
Combinations	Umeclidinium- Vilanterol					step therapy	
		_				_	
Respiratory Monoclonal	Benralizumab	Fasenra	Fasenra		tion	PA	
	<u> </u>					Required	
Antibodies	Dupilumab	Dupixent	Dupixent		tion	PA	
	N	Nonala			4!	Required	
	Mepolizumab	Nucaia	Nucala Xolair		tion	PA	
	Omalizumab	Voloir			tion	Required PA	
	Omanzuman	Aulali			lion	Required	
	Reslizumab Cinqair			Injection		PA	
	Resilzumab	Olliqali	Olilqali		,tioi i	Required	
						rtoquirou	
Leukotriene	Montelukast	Montelukast (ge	Montelukast (generic)			Covered	
Modifiers	Zafirlukast		Zafirlukast (generic)			Covered –	
		,				step therapy	
	Zileuton	Zileuton (generio	Zileuton (generic)			PA	
						Required	
Methylxanthines	Theophylline	Theophylline (ge	eneric)	Oral		Covered	
Asthma Reliever Medications							
Description	Prescription	Available As	Route		PHC (Coverage	
Short-Acting Beta-	Albuterol	Albuterol HFA	Ibuterol HFA Inhalati		Cover	ed	
Agonists (SABA)		(generic)					
		ProAir RespiClick	Inhalation*		Cover	Covered	
	Levalbuterol	Levalbuterol HFA			Cover	Covered – step	
		(generic)			therapy		

^{*}Breath activated device

Exclusions

Members who met any of the following criteria will be excluded:

- Those diagnosed with any of the following code lists, any time during the member's history through December 31 of the measurement year:
 - Emphysema
 - Other Emphysema
 - COPD
 - Obstructive Chronic Bronchitis
 - Chronic Respiratory Conditions Due to Fumes/Vapors
 - Cystic Fibrosis
 - Acute Respiratory Failure

** Important Note:

The State of California Department of Health Care Services MediCal pharmacy benefit (also known as Medi-Cal Rx) will take over PHC pharmacy formulary on a future date to

be determined. This means certain medications that PHC had as formulary may no longer be covered by Medi-Cal Rx for those members newly initiated on therapy. We recommend that the Provider Network monitor these changes to ensure any updates are included in your prescribing practices. Any change to Asthma Medication list above will be updated in this reference document upon implementation of Medi-Cal Rx by the State of California Department of Health Care Services.

More information on pharmacy covered benefit

2021 Partnership HealthPlan of California Drug Search

Best and Promising Practices

- Submit claims and encounter data within 90 days of service.
- Exclude members as appropriate and document reason for exclusion.
- Standardize practice to calculate the Asthma Medication Ratio at a minimum biannually.
- Increase asthma medication adherence by educating patients on the difference between rescue and controller medications.
- For an Asthma Medication Ratio <0.50, reinforce asthma education and selfmanagement / accountability on the possibility of non-adherence to controller medication / triggers leading to frequent use of rescue medication.
- Routine assessment of pulmonary function.
- Reconcile medications assess for effectiveness, number of prescription refills.
- Chronic Case Management referral.
- Deliver preventive asthma care at non-asthma related visits, especially for medically underserved populations where access to health care can be challenging.
- Automate telephone reminders or phone calls from asthma care nurses to significantly improve adherence to medication.
- Partner with local pharmacies for adjunct counseling, to flag members who refill an unequal number of rescue and controller medications and to alert providers of members who appear to not respond to current medication regimen.
- PHC formulary allows for up to a 3 month supply per fill for controller inhalers ICS (inhaled corticosteroid) and ICS/LABA (long-acting beta agonist) combination inhalers.
- The Global Initiative for Asthma (GINA) updated their guidelines in 2019. GINA
 recommends that all adults and adolescents with asthma should receive an ICS
 containing controller to reduce their risk of serious exacerbations and to control
 symptoms even in the setting of mild or intermittent asthma.
- GINA also recommends the new ICS controller option of using low dose ICS/formoterol (Symbicort and Dulera) as reliever therapy for mild asthma.

•	For moderate asthma, the 2020 GINA and National Institutes of Health (NIH) asthma management guidelines recommend low-dose ICS-formoterol as a single maintenance and reliever therapy (SMART) option.					